## IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Original) A method for fabricating a flash memory device comprising: fabricating a gate structure comprising a tunnel oxide layer, a floating gate layer, an oxide layer, and a control gate layer on a semiconductor substrate; and repairing said tunnel oxide layer using a rapid thermal oxidation (RTO) process.
- 2. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 1, further comprising: creating a first impurity concentration in said semiconductor substrate prior to said repairing; and

creating a second impurity concentration in said semiconductor substrate prior to said repairing.

- 3. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 2, wherein said fabricating comprises fabricating a gate structure that is less than 0.21 microns  $(0.21\mu)$  in length.
- (Original) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein said repairing 4. comprises:

creating additional oxide material in a damaged region of said oxide layer.

(Original) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein said rapid thermal 5. oxidation process comprises exposing said semiconductor structure to a temperature of 1000° C for a period of time not longer than 20 seconds.

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Serial No.: 10/616,804 Examiner: BOOTH, R. 2 Group Art Unit: 2812 6. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein said rapid thermal

oxidation process comprises selecting a plurality of process parameters wherein a

portion of said tunnel oxide layer retains a uniform profile after said rapid thermal

process is performed.

7. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating a memory device comprising:

fabricating a gate structure upon a semiconductor substrate;

depositing a dopant in a first region of said semiconductor substrate and in a

second region of said semiconductor substrate; and

performing a rapid thermal oxidation (RTO) process upon said semiconductor

substrate, wherein additional oxide material is created in a damaged region of an

oxide layer of said gate structure.

8. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 7, wherein said memory device

comprises a flash memory device and comprising fabricating a floating gate

memory structure upon said semiconductor substrate.

9. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 8, wherein said fabricating

comprises fabricating a floating gate structure that is less than 0.21 microns  $(0.21\mu)$ 

in length.

10. (Cancelled)

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- 11. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 11, wherein said rapid thermal oxidation process comprises selecting a plurality of process parameters wherein a portion of said tunnel oxide layer retains a uniform profile after said rapid thermal process is performed.
- 12. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 11, wherein said rapid thermal oxidation process comprises exposing said semiconductor structure to a temperature of 1000° C for a period of time not longer than 20 seconds.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating a memory device comprising:

  depositing a plurality of layers upon a semiconductor substrate;

  patterning said plurality of layers to create a stack gate; and

  performing a rapid thermal oxidation (RTO) upon said stack gate, wherein

  additional oxide material is created in a damaged region of an oxide layer of said

  stack gate.
- 14. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 13, further comprising:

  creating a source region wherein a first impurity concentration is deposited
  in said semiconductor substrate; and

creating a drain region wherein a second impurity concentration is deposited said semiconductor substrate.

15. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 14, wherein said patterning comprises creating a stack gate upon said semiconductor substrate that is less than  $0.21 \text{ microns } (0.21\mu)$  in length.

16. (Cancelled)

17. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 16, wherein said rapid thermal oxidation process comprises selecting a plurality of process parameters wherein a portion of said tunnel oxide layer retains a uniform profile after said rapid thermal process is performed.

18. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 17, wherein said rapid thermal oxidation process comprises exposing said semiconductor structure to a temperature of 1000° C for a period of time not longer than 20 seconds.